

Medical Policy

Healthcare Services Department

Policy Name	Policy Number	Scope
Nusinersen (Spinraza®)	MP-RX-FP-84-23	☒ MMM MA ☒ MMM Multihealth

Service Category

- | | |
|--|---|
| ☐ Anesthesia | ☐ Medicine Services and Procedures |
| ☐ Surgery | ☐ Evaluation and Management Services |
| ☐ Radiology Procedures | ☐ DME/Prosthetics or Supplies |
| ☐ Pathology and Laboratory Procedures | ☒ Part B DRUG |

Service Description

This document addresses the use of nusinersen (Spinraza®), a drug approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) for the treatment of children and adults with spinal muscular atrophy (SMA).

Background Information

This document addresses the use of Spinraza (nusinersen), an **antisense oligonucleotide** that targets the SMN2 gene to promote inclusion of exon 7 in its mRNA, leading to the production of full-length SMN protein. This protein is essential for motor neuron survival and function, addressing the root cause of SMA. SMA is a rare and often fatal autosomal recessive genetic disease affecting muscle strength and movement. SMA is caused by a deficiency in SMN (survival motor neuron) 1-related proteins resulting from either deletion of both SMN1 genes, or mutations within the SMN1 gene. This deficiency results in degeneration of motor neurons causing muscle atrophy, particularly in the limbs and the muscles that control the mouth, throat, and respiration. SMA is most often diagnosed by an SMN1 gene deletion test using PCR but can also be detected by genetic testing of the SMN1 gene itself. SMA is one of the leading genetic causes of death in infants but can affect individuals at any stage of life. The five main types of SMA are defined based on the severity of muscle weakness and the age of symptom onset.

Spinal Muscular Atrophy Classification

SMA Type	Predicted SMN2 Copy Number	Age of Onset	Life Expectancy	Highest motor function
0	0-1	Prenatal	<6 months	None; require respiratory support
I	1-3	0-6 months	<2 years	Never sit
II	2-4	<18 months	10-40 years	Sit alone
III	2-4	>18 months	Adult	Stand alone; walk assisted
IV	>4	>5 years to adult	Adult	Stand alone; walk unassisted

SMA type and severity of disease can correlate with the number of copies of the SMN2 gene. SMN2 is a closely related gene to SMN1; thus, this increased production can compensate for the genetic SMN1 deficiency and modify the SMA phenotype to be potentially less severe. While the number of copies of SMN2 can correlate and predict disease severity and type, the relationship is not exact, and exceptions can occur. Importantly, patients are confirmed as belonging to an SMA type retrospectively, based on the motor milestones they

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achieve. Treatment decisions must be made early in the disease, when only genetic information, and possibly initial clinical characteristics, are known. Current treatment for SMA may include supportive care, Spinraza (nusinersen), Zolgensma (onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi), or Evrysdi (risdiplam). Evrysdi (risdiplam) is an mRNA splicing modifier administered orally daily while Zolgensma is a one-time gene therapy treatment. All three drug treatments were studied in separate but overlapping populations. The optimal treatment for eligible patients is unknown. The efficacy, safety, and clinical utility of concomitant treatment with Spinraza, Evrysdi, and/or Zolgensma is also unknown.

Spinraza (nusinersen) is an antisense oligonucleotide drug administered by intrathecal injection that modifies splicing of the SMN2 gene to increase production of normal, full-length survival motor neuron (SMN) proteins. To date, benefits of Spinraza have been demonstrated in two major phase-3 studies: Nusinersen versus Sham Control in Infantile-Onset Spinal Muscular Atrophy (ENDEAR trial) and Nusinersen versus Sham Control in Later-Onset Spinal Muscular Atrophy (CHERISH trial). Relevant inclusion criteria are shown in the table below.

Trial	Diagnosis	Number of SMN2 copies	Symptom Onset	Age
ENDEAR	Homozygous deletion or mutation in the <i>SMN1</i> gene	2 copies	<6 months of age	<7 months
CHERISH	Homozygous deletion, mutation, or compound heterozygote in <i>SMN1</i> gene	Not specified; Results showed 88% had 3 copies	>6 months of age; Results showed 100% of participants had symptom onset before 21 months of age	2-12 years

Approved Indications

A. Treatment of children’s and adults’ spinal muscular atrophy (SMA)

Other Uses

i. N/A

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Applicable Codes

The following list(s) of procedure and/or diagnosis codes is provided for reference purposes only and may not be all inclusive. Inclusion or exclusion of a procedure, diagnosis or device code(s) does not constitute or imply member coverage or provider reimbursement policy. Benefit coverage for health services is determined by the member specific benefit plan document and applicable laws that may require coverage for a specific service. The inclusion of a code does not imply any right to reimbursement or guarantee claim payment. Other Policies and Guidelines may apply.

CPT	Description
96450	Chemotherapy administration, into CNS (eg, intrathecal), requiring and including spinal puncture [when associated with administration of nusinersen (SPINRAZA)]

HCPCS	Description
J2326	Injection, nusinersen, 0.1 mg [SPINRAZA]

ICD-10	Description
G12.0	Infantile spinal muscular atrophy, type I (Werdnig-Hoffman)
G12.1	Other inherited spinal muscular atrophy
G12.20	Motor neuron disease, unspecified
G12.21	Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis
G12.22	Progressive bulbar palsy
G12.23	Primary lateral sclerosis
G12.24	Familial motor neuron disease
G12.25	Progressive spinal muscle atrophy
G12.29	Other spinal muscular atrophies and related syndromes
G12.8	Other spinal muscular atrophies and related syndromes
G12.9	Spinal muscular atrophy, unspecified

Medical Necessity Guidelines

When a drug is being reviewed for coverage under a member's medical benefit plan or is otherwise subject to clinical review (including prior authorization), the following criteria will be used to determine whether the drug meets any applicable medical necessity requirements for the intended/prescribed purpose.

Provider must submit documentation (such as office chart notes, lab results or other clinical information) supporting that member has met all approval criteria.

Nusinersen (Spinraza®)

A. Criteria For Initial Approval

Initial requests for Spinraza (nusinersen) may be approved if the following criteria are met:

- i. Documentation is provided that individual has a confirmatory diagnosis by either:
 - A. Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA) diagnostic test results confirming 0 copies of SMN1;

OR

 - B. Molecular genetic testing of 5q SMA for any of the following:
 - a. homozygous gene deletion; **OR**
 - b. homozygous conversion mutation; **OR**
 - c. compound heterozygote; **AND**
- ii. Documentation is provided that individual has SMA-associated signs and symptoms; **AND**
- iii. Documentation is provided that individual has baseline motor ability assessments that support diagnosis based on age and motor ability.
 - a. Baseline motor ability assessments include but are not limited to the following:
 - Hammersmith Infant Neurological Examination
 - The Children's Hospital of Philadelphia Infant Test of Neurological Disorders (CHOP INTEND)
 - Hammersmith Function Motor Scale – Expanded (HFMSE)
 - 6-Minute Walk Test (6MWT)
 - Revised Upper Limb Module (RULM); **AND**
- iv. Requested medication has been prescribed by or in consultation with a neurologist who specializes in spinal muscular atrophy; **AND**
- v. Individual does not require use of invasive ventilatory support (tracheotomy with positive pressure) or use of non-invasive ventilator support (BiPAP) for more than 16 hours per day as a result of advanced SMA disease.

Initial requests for Spinraza following treatment with Zolgensma (onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi) may be approved if the following criteria are met:

- i. When Spinraza therapy is determined to meet the above criteria; **AND**
- ii. Documentation is provided that individual has experienced a decline in clinical status (including but not limited to loss of motor milestone) since receipt of gene therapy.

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B. Criteria For Continuation of Therapy Continuation requests for Spinraza (nusinersen) may be approved if the following criteria are met: i. When initial therapy was determined to meet the above criteria; AND ii. Documentation is provided that individual has baseline motor ability assessments that support improvement or stabilization compared baseline motor ability assessments. a. Baseline motor ability assessments include but are not limited to the following: • Hammersmith Infant Neurological Examination • The Children’s Hospital of Philadelphia Infant Test of Neurological Disorders (CHOP INTEND) • Hammersmith Function Motor Scale – Expanded (HFMSE) • 6-Minute Walk Test (6MWT) • Revised Upper Limb Module (RULM); AND iii. Individual does not require use of invasive ventilatory support (tracheotomy with positive pressure) or use of non-invasive ventilator support (BiPAP) for more than 16 hours per day as a result of advanced SMA disease. C. Authorization Duration i. Initial Approval Duration: 6 months ii. Reauthorization Approval Duration: 6 months D. Conditions not Covered <i>Any other use is considered experimental, investigational, or unproven, including the following (this list may not be all inclusive):</i> Requests for Spinraza (nusinersen) may not be approved for the following: i. When the above criteria are not met and for all other indications; OR ii. When used in combination therapy with Evrysdi (risdiplam).		

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Limits or Restrictions										
A. Therapeutic Alternatives This medical policy may be subject to Step Therapy. Please refer to the document published on the MMM Website: https://www.mmm-pr.com/planes-medicos/formulario-medicamentos B. Quantity Limitations <i>Approvals may be subject to dosing limits in accordance with FDA-approved labeling, accepted compendia, and/or evidence-based practice guidelines. The chart below includes dosing recommendations as per the FDA-approved prescribing information.</i> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Drug</th> <th>Limit</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Spinraza (nusinersen) 12 mg/5 mL vial*</td> <td>1 vial (12 mg) per 4 months</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">Exceptions</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">*For initiation of therapy, may approve 4 loading doses of 12 mg (1 vial) each in the first 4 months of therapy</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Drug	Limit	Spinraza (nusinersen) 12 mg/5 mL vial*	1 vial (12 mg) per 4 months	Exceptions		*For initiation of therapy, may approve 4 loading doses of 12 mg (1 vial) each in the first 4 months of therapy	
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Reference Information - DailyMed. Package inserts. U.S. National Library of Medicine, National Institutes of Health website. http://dailymed.nlm.nih.gov/dailymed/about.cfm. - DrugPoints® System [electronic version]. Truven Health Analytics, Greenwood Village, CO. Updated periodically. - Lexi-Comp ONLINE™ with AHFS™, Hudson, Ohio: Lexi-Comp, Inc. Updated periodically. - Finkel RS, Mercuri E, Darras BT, et al. Nusinersen versus Sham Control in Infantile-Onset Spinal Muscular Atrophy. N Engl J Med. 2017;377(18):1723-1732. doi:10.1056/NEJMoa1702752. - De Vivo DC, Bertini E, Swoboda KJ, et al, on behalf of NURTURE Study Group, Nusinersen initiated in infants during the presymptomatic stage of spinal muscular atrophy: Interim efficacy and safety results from the Phase 2 Nurture study, Neuromuscular Disorders. 2019; 29 (11):842-856. - Mendell JR, Al-Zaidy S, Shell R, et al. Single-Dose Gene-Replacement Therapy for Spinal Muscular Atrophy. N Engl J Med. 2017 Nov 2;377(18):1713-1722. doi: 10.1056/NEJMoa1706198. - Mercuri E, Darras BT, Chiriboga CA, et al. Nusinersen versus Sham Control in Later-Onset Spinal Muscular Atrophy. N Engl J Med. 2018;378(7):625-635. doi:10.1056/NEJMoa1710504. - Acsadi G, Crawford TO, Müller-Felber W, et al. Safety and efficacy of nusinersen in spinal muscular atrophy: The EMBRACE study. Muscle Nerve. 2021;63(5):668-677. doi:10.1002/mus.27187. - Mercuri E, Finkel RS, Muntoni F, et al. Diagnosis and management of spinal muscular atrophy: Part 1: Recommendations for diagnosis, rehabilitation, orthopedic and nutritional care. Neuromuscul Disord. 2018;28(2):103-115. doi:10.1016/j.nmd.2017.11.005. - Pierzchlewicz K, Kępa I, Podogrodzki J, Kotulska K. Spinal Muscular Atrophy: The Use of Functional Motor Scales in the Era of Disease-Modifying Treatment. Child Neurol Open. 2021;8:2329048X211008725. Published 2021 Apr 27. doi:10.1177/2329048X211008725. Federal and state laws or requirements, contract language, and Plan utilization management programs or policies may take precedence over the application of this clinical criteria. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted, in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, or otherwise, without permission from the health plan. © CPT Only – American Medical Association		

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Policy History			
Revision Type	Summary of Changes	P&T Approval Date	UM/CMPC Approval Date
Annual Review 7/28/2025	Minimal changes; Word Formatting. Coding reviewed: No changes.	8/25/2025	9/5/2025
Annual Review 08/18/2024	Updated sections: Applicable Codes, Medical Necessity Guidelines (Initial and Continuation Criteria, Approval Duration, and Conditions not covered), and Reference Information. Removing requirement of genetic testing verifying no more than 2 copies of SMN2; removing requirement of onset of SMA signs and symptoms before 21 months of age. Add individual has SMA-associated signs and symptoms for clarity. Add requirement of baseline motor ability assessments. Added requirement for requested medication to be prescribed by or in consultation with neurologist who specializes in SMA. Clarified continuation requirements defining improvement based on motor ability assessments compared to baseline. Wording and formatting changes. Coding Reviewed: Added CPT code 96450 and ICD-10 codes: G12.0, G12.9 to include all codes under the parent code G12.0.	3/14/2025	4/2/2025
Policy Inception 11/18/2023	Elevance Health's Medical Policy adoption.	N/A	11/30/2023